# LIGAND PHARMACEUTICALS INC (LGND)

# **8-K/A**Current report filing Filed on 04/11/2011 Filed Period 01/14/2011





# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO FORM 8-K**

# **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): January 14, 2011

# LIGAND PHARMACEUTICALS INCORPORATED

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation) 001-33093 (Commission File Number)

77-0160744 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

11085 North Torrey Pines Road, Suite 300, La Jolla, California 92037

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(858) 550-7500

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

k the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following sions:
Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

### Item 2.01 Completion of Acquisition or Disposition of Assets.

As previously reported, Ligand Pharmaceuticals Incorporated ("Ligand") acquired CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (CyDex"), pursuant to the terms of an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated January 14, 2011 among Ligand, CyDex and Caymus Acquisition, Inc., a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Ligand ("Merger Sub"). The acquisition, structured as a reverse triangular merger in which Merger Sub merged with and into CyDex, with CyDex as the surviving corporation (the "Merger"), was effected by the filing of the related certificate of merger with the Delaware Secretary of State on January 24, 2011. The further description of the Merger included in Ligand's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 26, 2011 is included herein by reference.

### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(a) Financial Statements Of Businesses Acquired.

The audited financial statements of CyDex contemplated by this Item are filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this Amendment No. 1 to Current Report on Form 8-K and incorporated herein by reference.

(b) Pro Forma Financial Information.

The pro forma financial information contemplated by this Item is are filed as Exhibit 99.2 to this Amendment No. 1 to Current Report on Form 8-K and incorporated herein by reference.

(d) Exhibits.

The following exhibits are attached to this Amendment No. 1 to Current Report on Form 8-K:

Exhibit No.	Description
23.1	Consent of Grant Thornton LLP
99.1	Audited financial statements of CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
99.2	Pro forma financial information

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

# LIGAND PHARMACEUTICALS INCORPORATED

Date: April 11, 2011

By: /s/ Charles S. Berkman

Name: Charles S. Berkman

Title: Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

# EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Des	scription
23.1 Co	onsent of Grant Thornton LLP
99.1 Au	dited financial statements of CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
99.2 Pro	o forma financial information

### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

We have issued our report dated April 11, 2011, with respect to the financial statements of CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. included in the Current Report of Ligand Pharmaceuticals Incorporated on Form 8-K/A dated April 11, 2011. We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference of said report in the Registration Statements of Ligand Pharmaceuticals Incorporated on Forms S-8 (File No. 333-160132, effective June 22, 2009 and File No. 333-131029, effective June 18, 2007).

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP Kansas City, Missouri April 11, 2011 Financial Statements and Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

# CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

December 31, 2010 and 2009

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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America as established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note B to the financial statements, the Company discovered that they have incorrectly recorded royalty revenue, which resulted in the overstatement of royalty revenue and understatement of accounts receivable and accounts payable. Accordingly, the 2009 financial statements and the beginning accumulated deficit have been restated to correct this error.

Kansas City, Missouri <u>April 11</u>, 2011

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# BALANCE SHEETS

# December 31,

(dollar amounts in thousands)

		2009
	2010	(restated)
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,274	\$ 11,011
Investments	2,041	_
Accounts receivable, net	4,737	2,477
Inventories	2,433	1,862
Other current assets	<b>766</b>	491
Total current assets	22,251	15,841
Investments	1,013	_
Property and equipment, net	349	419
Product and license rights, net	_	664
Other noncurrent assets	510	780
Deferred tax assets	4,744	
	\$ 28,867	\$ 17,704
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,844	\$ 2.045
Accrued liabilities	1,275	893
Deferred revenue	157	67
Total current liabilities	3,276	3,005
Deferred revenue	3,270	21
Botoned To Young		
Commitments and contingent liabilities	3,280	3,026
Series A convertible preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized 16,468,622 shares; issued and outstanding, 16,468,618 shares;		
liquidation preference of \$20,715 and \$19,875 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively	20,715	19,875
Series B convertible preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized, 63,197,020 shares; issued and outstanding, 63,197,019 shares;		27,070
liquidation preference of \$33,128 and \$31,938 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively	24,628	23,438
Stockholders' deficit		
Series A-1 convertible preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; authorized, issued, and outstanding, 2,000,000 shares; liquidation	20	20
preference of \$2,897 and \$2,757 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively Common stock, \$0.01 par value: authorized, 108,000,000 shares at December 31, 2010 and 2009; issued and outstanding,	20	20
11,456,720 and 7,460,438 shares at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively	115	75
Additional paid-in capital	(7,328)	(5,466)
Accumulated deficit	(12,563)	( , ,
Total stockholders' deficit		(28,635)
	\$ 28,867	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

# Year ended December 31,

(dollar amounts in thousands)

D	 2010	 2009 (restated)
Revenues		
Milestone and license	\$ 1,337	\$ 678
Material sales	8,820	8,499
Royalties	4,483	4,523
Contract research	25	380
Other	 <b>791</b>	135
Total revenues	15,456	14,215
Operating expenses		
Cost of sales	2,827	2,862
Research and development	3,460	4,408
Selling, general, and administrative	 3,143	3,833
Total operating expenses	9,430	11,103
Operating income	 6,026	3,112
Other income		
Interest income	72	55
Gain on investments, net	_	358
Other, net	2	4
Total other income	 74	417
Income before income taxes	6,100	3,529
Income tax provision (benefit)	(4,601)	76
NET INCOME	\$ 10,701	\$ 3,453

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

# Years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

### (amounts in thousands)

	Series A-1	Preferred	Common	Stock	Additional		Total
					paid-in	Accumulated	stockholders'
	Shares	Par	Shares	Par	capital	deficit	deficit
Balance, January 1, 2009 (restated)	2,000	\$ 20	7,440	\$ 74	\$ (1,319)	\$ (26,717)	\$ (27,942)
Issuance of common stock	_	_	20	1	3	_	4
Accretion of Series A convertible preferred stock issuance costs and beneficial							
conversion feature	_	_	—	—	(2,109)	_	(2,109)
Accretion of Series B convertible preferred stock issuance costs	_	_	_	_	(226)	_	(226)
Accrued dividends on Series A convertible preferred stock	_	_	_	_	(841)	_	(841)
Accrued dividends on Series B convertible preferred stock	_	_	_	_	(1,190)	_	(1,190)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	_	_	216	_	216
Net loss (restated)						3,453	3,453
Balance, December 31, 2009 (restated)	2,000	20	7,460	75	(5,466)	(23,264)	(28,635)
Issuance of common stock	_	_	3,997	40	_	_	40
Accrued dividends on Series A convertible preferred stock	_	_	_	_	(840)	_	(840)
Accrued dividends on Series B convertible preferred stock	_	_	_	_	(1,190)	_	(1,190)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	_	—	168	_	168
Net income						10,701	10,701
Balance, December 31, 2010	2,000	\$ 20	11,457	<u>\$115</u>	<u>\$ (7,328)</u>	<u>\$ (12,563)</u>	\$ (19,756)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statements.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# Years ended December 31,

# $(dollar\ amounts\ in\ thousands)$

Cash flows from operating activities	ф.	2010	(1	restated)
Cash flows from operating activities	ф			
Net income	\$	10,701	\$	3,453
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment		136		151
Amortization of premium on bonds		51		_
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(1)		(2)
Amortization of product and license rights		664		680
Stock-based compensation		168		216
Gain on sale of investments		_		(358)
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable		(2,260)		1,450
Inventories		(571)		31
Other current assets		(275)		43
Other non-current assets		270		
Deferred tax assets		(4,744)		_
Accounts payable		(201)		(174)
Accrued liabilities		369		74
Deferred revenue		73		33
Income taxes payable		13		76
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,393		5,673
Cash flows from investing activities				
Additions to property and equipment		(67)		(37)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		2		5
Purchase of investments		(3,105)		_
Proceeds from sale or maturity of investments				3,750
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(3,170)		3,718
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from exercise of common stock options				4
Proceeds from exercise of warrants		40		
Net cash provided by financing activities		40		4
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,263		9,395
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		11,011		1,616
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	12,274	\$	11,011
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities				
Change in accounts payable for additions to property and equipment	\$	_	\$	(1)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### December 31, 2010 and 2009

### **NOTE A - BUSINESS**

CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, is a specialty pharmaceutical company focused on the development and commercialization of drugs specifically designed to address the limitations of current therapies in selected established markets. The Company has developed a broad portfolio of product candidates through its drug formulation technology using Captisol® cyclodextrins. Captisol cyclodextrins are a patent-protected, specifically modified family of cyclodextrins designed to improve solubility, stability, bioavailability, safety and dosing of a number of active pharmaceutical ingredients ("APIs").

### NOTE B - RESTATEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company determined that it has overstated royalty revenue associated with one of its agreements, as it did not account for the royalty revenue in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As a result, the Company restated its 2009 financial statements. The Company has increased accounts payable and accumulated deficit by \$1,150,000 as of January 1, 2009; has reduced royalty revenues and net income for the year ended December 31, 2009 by \$413,000 (there is no net impact to income tax expense due to the decrease in income taxes related to this adjustment resulted in a corresponding decrease to the change in valuation allowance); and has increased accounts receivable by \$197,000 and accounts payable by \$1,760,000 as of December 31, 2009 because of these errors.

The effect of the correction to previously issued financial statements resulted in an increase in accumulated deficit at January 1, 2009, as follows (in thousands):

	Ser	ies A-1	C	ommon	A	Additional				Total
	Pre	ferred		Stock		paid-in		Accumulated		stockholders'
		Par		Par		capital		deficit		deficit
As previously reported	\$	20	\$	74	\$	(1,319)	\$	(25,567)	\$	(26,792)
Effect of restatement adjustments								(1,150)		(1,150)
As revised		20		74		(1,319)	_	(26,717)	_	(27,942)

### NOTE C - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2010 and 2009 consisted of cash and short-term securities with maturity dates of three months or less at the time of purchase.

### 3. Investments

The Company holds investments in bonds which are classified as either current or non-current based on the expected maturity date. The Company has the intent and ability to hold the bonds to maturity and has, therefore, classified them as Held-to-Maturity. The bonds are carried at amortized cost and evaluated for impairment.

### 4. Concentration Risk

The Company invests its excess cash and short-term investments in accordance with its investment policy, with an objective to ensure both liquidity and safety of principal. The policy limits investments to certain types of instruments issued by the U.S. government and institutions with strong investment-grade credit ratings. The policy also places restrictions on the terms and concentrations of these instruments according to their type and issuer to reduce the Company's credit risk.

### 4. Concentration Risk - Continued

Accounts receivable from two pharmaceutical companies were 69% and 25% of total accounts receivable at December 31, 2010. Accounts receivable from two pharmaceutical companies were 65% and 24% of total accounts receivable at December 31, 2009.

Revenue from two pharmaceutical companies amounted to 31% and 22% of total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2010. Revenue from three pharmaceutical companies amounted to 33%, 23%, and 11% of total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2009.

The Company obtains Captisol from a sole-source supplier. If this supplier were not able to supply the requested amounts of Captisol, the Company would be unable to continue to derive revenues from the sale of Captisol until it obtained an alternative source, which might take a considerable length of time.

### 5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts based on the best estimate of the amount of probable losses in the Company's existing accounts receivable. Accounts receivable outstanding longer than their contractual payment terms, ranging from 30 to 90 days, are considered past due. When determining the allowance for doubtful accounts, several factors are taken into consideration, including historical write-off experience and review of specific customer accounts for collectibility. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after collection efforts have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts included in the balance sheets at December 31, 2010 and 2009.

### 6. Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. The Company determines cost using the first-in, first-out method. The Company analyzes its inventory levels periodically and writes down inventory to its net realizable value if it has become obsolete, has a cost basis in excess of its expected net realizable value or is in excess of expected requirements.

### 7. Other Current Assets

Other current assets include prepaid inventory, nonrefundable advance payments for research and development activities, interest receivable and other advance payments. Prepaid research and development costs were \$67,971 and \$188,909 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Such amounts will be recognized as expense when the related services are performed.

### 8. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the related asset. Upon the retirement or sale of assets, the cost of assets disposed of and the related accumulated depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recorded in the statements of operations. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to expense as incurred.

### 9. Other Assets

The Company outsources the production of Captisol to Hovione FarmaCienca SA ("Hovione") through its agent, Hovione LLC. Hovione is a major supplier of APIs and API intermediates. Other assets include a deferred charge for an amount paid to Hovione LLC related to engineering costs associated with a production agreement, as amended, for Captisol (the "Agreement"). The Company has ongoing minimum annual purchase commitments under the Agreement and is required to purchase a total of \$15,000,000 of Captisol over the term of the Agreement. Either party may terminate the Agreement for the uncured material breach or bankruptcy of the other party or an extended force majeure event. The Company may also terminate the Agreement for extended supply interruption, regulatory action related to Captisol or other specified events.

### 9. Other Assets - Continued

The Agreement was amended on September 23, 2009. Under the amended Agreement, discounts are provided against the amount paid for Captisol beginning January 1, 2010, which are accounted for as a pro-rata reduction of the deferred charge and are expensed through cost of sales at the time the related inventory purchased is ultimately sold to a customer. The total deferred charge was \$764,261 and \$1 million at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The Company's ability to realize this deferred charge is based upon its purchase forecast during the term of the agreement, and if the actual purchases are less than the forecast, the Company may not be able to realize this asset. The Company assesses the recoverability of the asset on an annual basis, or when information becomes available to management that would indicate that the amount may not be fully recoverable. The Company has not recorded any impairment to date related to this asset. The pricing for the future inventory purchases is based upon purchasing levels and is subject to adjustment for changes in the exchange rate between the United States dollar and the euro, which the Company and Hovione will share evenly, and to certain consumer price index adjustments. Unless terminated or amended, the agreement will continue until its expiration in December 2019.

### 10. Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"). As required by ASC 740, the Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences and carryforwards are expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance is recognized to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount that will more likely than not be realized. In assessing the need for a valuation allowance, the Company considers all available evidence, including past operating results, estimates of future taxable income and the feasibility of ongoing tax strategies.

### 10. Income Taxes - Continued

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company had not recorded any amounts for unrecognized tax benefits related to the implementation of ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. The Company's policy is to record estimated interest and penalties related to the underpayment of income taxes as a component of its income tax provision. In addition, the Company is not currently subject to any ongoing federal or state audits. As of December 31, 2010, tax years that remain subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions include, 2007, 2008, and 2009.

### 11. Financial Instruments

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are estimated to approximate their carrying values because of the short maturity of these financial instruments.

### 12. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue includes payments received from customers prior to the Company meeting specific, agreed-upon milestones as a condition in the customer contract and the amount deferred is recognized as revenue upon the Company meeting the agreed milestones. Deferred revenue is also comprised of portions of nonrefundable license fees that are not immediately recognized at the time payment is received from the customer. These amounts are deferred when a significant potential incremental discount exists in relation to the pricing of the option to purchase manufactured product when compared to the fair value of the product. The amounts deferred related to the existence of a significant potential incremental discount are accounted for in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 605-25 *Revenue Recognition, Multiple-Element Arrangements* ("ASC 605-25") amortized over the lesser of the term of the agreement or the period remaining through 2012, which is the earliest date the Company would anticipate a possible generic competitor.

### 13. Revenue Recognition

The Company enters into license agreements with pharmaceutical companies for the use of Captisol in their product development activities and for the commercialization of Captisol-enabled products. The terms of the agreements may include nonrefundable license fees, nonrefundable payments based on the customer's achievement of certain milestones, and royalties on any sales of products containing Captisol. The Company generally also enters into supply agreements with many of its customers; these agreements include pricing for the Company's exclusive supply of Captisol to customers. The Company's pricing of Captisol frequently takes into consideration the purchase volumes of individual customers. However, no minimum purchase commitments are made by customers. Revenue is recognized when all four of the following general criteria have been met: (1) the Company has persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists, (2) the fees are fixed and determinable, (3) shipment has occurred (including passage of title and risk of loss) and (4) collection is reasonably assured. The Company's credit and exchange policy includes provisions for the return of product between 30 to 90 days, depending on the specific terms of the individual agreement, when that product (1) does not meet specifications, (2) is damaged in shipment (in limited circumstances where title does not transfer until delivery), or (3) is exchanged for an alternative grade of Captisol. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, sales returns were \$10,670 and \$0, respectively.

### 13. Revenue Recognition - Continued

The Company also analyzes its revenue arrangements and other agreements to determine whether there are multiple elements that should be separated and accounted for individually or as a single unit of accounting. The majority of the Company's revenue arrangements involve the bundling of a license with the option to purchase manufactured product. Licenses are granted to pharmaceutical companies for the use of Captisol in the development of pharmaceutical compounds. The licenses may be granted for the use of the Captisol product for all phases of clinical trials and through commercial availability of the host drug or may be limited to certain phases of the clinical trial process. The Company believes that its licenses have stand-alone value at the outset of an arrangement because the customer obtains the right to use Captisol in its formulations without any additional input by the Company, and in a hypothetical stand-alone transaction, the customer would be able to procure inventory from another manufacturer in the absence of contractual provisions for exclusive supply by the Company. The Company evaluates the pricing of manufactured product in its arrangements to determine whether such arrangements are priced at fair value or include a significant potential incremental discount. If a significant potential incremental discount has been determined to exist, a portion of the nonrefundable license fee is recognized over the lesser of the term of the agreement or the period remaining through 2012, which is the earliest date the Company would anticipate a possible generic competitor. Nonrefundable license fees for which there are no future development obligations and for which the Company provides no significant potential incremental discount on the pricing of manufactured products are recognized on the execution of the agreement if all other general conditions for revenue recognition have been met. Nonrefundable milestone payments on license agreements are recognized when earned if no significant potential incremental discount has been determined to exist related to the pricing of manufactured product. If a significant potential incremental discount has been determined to exist, these milestone payments are deferred at a percentage equal to the deferred percentage of the remaining nonrefundable license fee. The Company recognizes license revenue in its multiple-element revenue arrangements based on their relative selling prices. Under this method, revenue may be allocated to a significant potential incremental discount for the customer's option to purchase manufactured product, and the residual amount of license revenue is recognized after all other general conditions for revenue recognition have been met. To the extent that revenue arrangements contain a research and development element, which has stand-alone value, the Company determines the fair value of the research and development element by considering competitor pricing for comparable services.

### 13. Revenue Recognition - Continued

The Company recognizes research and development revenue according to the milestone method, which requires an evaluation of the manner in which the services are performed. According to the milestone method, the milestone events should have substance and represent the achievement of defined goals worthy of payment.

The consideration earned by achieving the milestone should: (1) be commensurate with either of the following, (a) the vendor's performance to achieve the milestone, (b) the enhancement of the value of the item delivered as a result of a specific outcome resulting from the vendor's performance to achieve the milestone; (2) relate solely to past performance; and (3) be reasonable relative to all deliverables and payment terms in the arrangement.

Material sales revenue is recognized upon transfer of title, which normally passes to the buyer upon shipment to the customer. Sales royalties are recognized when earned. Contract research revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the life of the contract, with the cumulative amount of revenue recognized on a contract at a point in time not to exceed the payments earned as of that point in time. Payments, if any, received in advance of performance under an agreement are deferred and recognized as revenue when earned. Other revenue consists of reimbursements received from pharmaceutical companies for patent expenses, research and development and shipping costs related to material sales.

### 14. Research and Development

Research and development expenses are recorded in the statements of operations when incurred and include direct costs of research scientists and equipment, contracted costs, and an allocation of certain overhead expenses.

### 15. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for share based compensation under FASB ASC Topic 718-20, *Compensation-Stock Compensation, Awards Classified as Equity* ("ASC 718-20"). ASC 718-20 requires that stock-based compensation is recognized as expense in the financial statements and is measured at the fair value of the award on the date of grant if classified as an equity award. Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company used the intrinsic-value method for purposes of measuring the fair value of share options. ASC 718-20 requires the Company to recognize compensation expense for all awards granted after January 1, 2006 and any existing awards modified after that date. For stock options granted after January 1, 2006, the Company recognizes compensation expense based on the estimated grant-date fair value using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

### 16. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU") 2010-17, *Milestone method of revenue recognition*. The guidance required entities to make an accounting policy election to apply the milestone method, which can only apply to research and development activities. The changes are effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010, with early application and retrospective application permitted. The Company prospectively applied the amended guidance beginning January 1, 2010 and it did not have a material effect on its financial statements.

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-13, *Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements - a Consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force*, to amend accounting for multiple-element arrangements in the ASC 605-25, *Revenue Recognition*, *Multiple-Element Arrangements*. The guidance modifies the separation criteria by eliminating the criterion that requires objective and reliable evidence of fair value for undelivered items, and eliminates the use of the residual method of allocation and instead requires that arrangement consideration be allocated, at the inception of the arrangement, to all deliverables based on their relative selling price. The changes are effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010, with early application and retrospective application permitted. The Company prospectively applied the amended guidance beginning January 1, 2010 and it did not have a material effect on its financial statements.

### 17. Reclassifications

Certain immaterial reclassifications have been made to the 2009 financial statements to conform to the 2010 presentation.

### **NOTE D - INVESTMENTS**

Investments had an amortized cost of \$3,054,707 and a fair value of \$3,066,199 for the year ended December 31, 2010. There were no investments as of December 31, 2009. In April of 2010, the Company recorded a long-term investment in bonds of \$3,105,712. The bonds were recorded at a premium and have a face value of \$3 million. In September 2010, a portion of the bonds were reclassified to short-term investments. The bonds mature in September 2011 and March 2012.

During 2008, disruptions in the global credit and capital markets would not permit the Company to liquidate certain Auction Rate Preferred Shares ("ARPS"). The Company experienced a number of failed auctions, because many of these auctions did not have sufficient bidders to allow investors to complete a sale of ARPS. In response to this situation, the Company received an independent valuation of its ARPS. The estimated fair value resulting from this valuation was less than cost. The Company recorded an other-than-temporary loss on investments of \$358,564 net of realized gains of \$89,075 for the year ended December 31, 2008 and reclassified the investments as non-current on the accompanying balance sheet. The realized gains were determined based on specific identification of the individual securities sold.

During 2009, the Company liquidated its ARPS at par value, which resulted in a gain on the sale of investments of \$358,564.

# NOTE E - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, (in thousands):

Furniture and equipment         5 to 7         279         289           Information technology equipment         3 to 7         249         231           Laboratory equipment         3 to 7         1,031         1,017           Leasehold improvements         1 to 5         316         304           Construction in progress         7         15           Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization         (1,533)         (1,437)           \$ 349         \$ 419		Estimated		
Furniture and equipment         5 to 7         \$ 279         \$ 289           Information technology equipment         3 to 7         249         231           Laboratory equipment         3 to 7         1,031         1,017           Leasehold improvements         1 to 5         316         304           Construction in progress         7         15           Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization         1,882         1,856           Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization         (1,533)         (1,437)		useful life		
Information technology equipment       3 to 7       249       231         Laboratory equipment       3 to 7       1,031       1,017         Leasehold improvements       1 to 5       316       304         Construction in progress       7       15         Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization       1,882       1,856         Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization       (1,533)       (1,437)		(years)	 2010	2009
Laboratory equipment       3 to 7       1,031       1,017         Leasehold improvements       1 to 5       316       304         Construction in progress       7       15         Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization       1,882       1,856         Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization       (1,533)       (1,437)	Furniture and equipment	5 to 7	\$ 279	\$ 289
Leasehold improvements         1 to 5         316         304           Construction in progress         7         15           1,882         1,856           Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization         (1,533)         (1,437)	Information technology equipment	3 to 7	249	231
Construction in progress         7         15           1,882         1,856           Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization         (1,533)         (1,437)	Laboratory equipment	3 to 7	1,031	1,017
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization         1,882         1,856           Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization         (1,533)         (1,437)		1 to 5	316	304
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization (1,533) (1,437)	Construction in progress		7	15
			 1,882	1,856
<b>\$ 349</b> \$ 419	Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(1,533)	(1,437)
			\$ 349	\$ 419

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$136,204 and \$151,140 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

# NOTE F - ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following at December 31, (in thousands):

	20	10	 2009
Accrued employment costs	<b>\$</b>	563	\$ 595
Accrued professional fees		596	72
Accrued payables		26	150
Income tax payable		90	76
	\$	1,275	\$ 893

### NOTE G - SEVERANCE PAYABLE

Severance expense for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$64,163 and \$194,138, respectively, and is included in accrued liabilities in the accompanying balance sheet. A summary of the severance payable at December 31, 2010 and 2009 is presented below (in thousands):

	2010		2009
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 10	5 \$	585
Severance expense		4	194
Cash payments	(16	9)	(674)
Balance, end of year	<u> </u>	\$	105

### NOTE H - REVOLVING LINE OF CREDIT

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company had an agreement with First National Bank of Kansas for a \$3,000,000 revolving line of credit; of which, the entire \$3,000,000 is available to the Company. Interest is to be applied to the unpaid principal at a variable rate equal to the prime rate (3.25% at December 31, 2010). This line of credit is secured by a pledge of all inventory, chattel paper, accounts receivable, equipment and general intangibles except intellectual property rights. Although the Company has made no borrowings against the line of credit, if it were to make borrowings, all outstanding principal and accrued unpaid interest would be due in one payment on May 28, 2011, the date the line of credit expires.

### NOTE I - INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes differed from the amounts computed by applying the U.S. federal income tax rate of 34% to pretax income as a result of the following (in thousands):

	20	10	 2009
Expected federal income tax expense	<b>\$</b>	2,074	\$ 1,200
Expected state and local tax expense		315	181
Change in valuation allowance		(7,032)	(1,257)
Other		54	 (48)
	\$	(4,601)	\$ 76

# NOTE I - INCOME TAXES - Continued

The tax effects of temporary differences and carryforwards that gave rise to significant portions of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows at December 31, (in thousands):

			2009
201	10	(r	estated)
\$	204	\$	360
	3,243		5,787
	260		122
	1,011		866
	26		67
	4,744		7,202
			(7,202)
\$	4,744	\$	_
	\$	3,243 260 1,011 26 4,744	\$ 204 \$ 3,243 260 1,011 26 4,744

Deferred tax assets of \$169,930 and \$328,843 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, were reversed, upon the expiration of unexercised nonqualified stock options.

The entire valuation allowance was reversed to realize the full benefit of the deferred tax assets. The benefit is recognized as a component of income tax benefit from continuing operations.

At December 31, 2010, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards for federal and state income tax purposes of \$8,410,777. The federal and state net operating loss carryforwards expire beginning in 2020 through 2029. In addition, at December 31, 2010, the Company had a federal alternative minimum tax ("AMT") credit carry-forward of \$273,063, which does not expire.

### NOTE J - PRODUCT AND LICENSE RIGHTS

In September 1993, the Company entered into a license agreement pursuant to which the University of Kansas ("University") granted to the Company an exclusive worldwide license to grant sublicenses for and commercialize the patent rights to certain cyclodextrin derivatives, including sulfobutyl ether beta cyclodextrin ("Captisol"), which was designed as a solubility and stability enhancer for drug compounds. In addition, the University assigned to the Company a then-pending agreement with a pharmaceutical company; this agreement was ultimately executed. In exchange for the license, the Company issued to the University equity ownership in the Company. The equity ownership represented a 45% interest in the Company at the time of issuance. The Company valued the license at \$450,000, which represented the estimated fair value of the membership units issued at the transaction date. The cost of the original license was amortized over a 16-year life and was fully amortized in 2009. Amortization expense related to the original agreement was \$16,406 for the year ended December 31, 2009. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the license agreement between the University and the Company, the Company was obligated to pay the University royalties on monies received from commercialization of the patent rights.

On August 4, 2004, the parties entered into the second amendment to the license agreement, pursuant to which the Company issued to the University of Kansas Center for Research, Inc., the University's designee, separate payments of \$424,500 and \$4,000,000 in cash and 2,000,000 shares of the Company's Series A-1 Stock, having an estimated fair value of \$370,000, in consideration for the purchase by the Company of the then-outstanding and all future payment obligations to the University owed by the Company under the original license agreement. As further consideration for the payments previously made by the Company, the University granted to the Company, subject to the University's retained research rights, an irrevocable, fully paid, worldwide, exclusive (even as to the University) license to use the patents licensed under the original license agreement, along with certain patent rights and intellectual property rights related to certain cyclodextrin derivatives generated through September 30, 2004 from the sponsored research performed by the University on the Company's behalf. In addition, the Company was granted an exclusive option to acquire rights to any patented inventions claiming certain improvements to the Captisol technology from the University under research sublicenses granted by the University. Of the total consideration paid of \$4,794,500, \$534,500 was recorded as a reduction of previously accrued royalty costs and \$4,260,000 was recorded as additional license cost, which is amortized over the remaining life of the patent at the time of the amendment, resulting in additional annual amortization expense of \$663,859 through 2010. After August 4, 2004, the Company was no longer obligated to pay royalties.

### NOTE J - PRODUCT AND LICENSE RIGHTS - Continued

Intangible assets consisted of the following at December 31, (in thousands):

	Estimated	2010					2009				
	useful						Net				Net
	lives				Accumulated	ca	rrying		Accumulated	c	arrying
	(months)		Cost		amortization		mount		amortization	amount	
Captisol patent	192	\$	450	\$	450	\$	_	\$	450	\$	_
Captisol license	77		4,260		4,260				3,596		664
		\$	4,710	\$	4,710	\$		\$	4,046	\$	664

Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful economic lives using the straight-line method. Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$663,859 and \$680,265, respectively.

### NOTE K - PREFERRED STOCK

During 2000, the Company issued 2,313,223 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock ("Series A Stock") in exchange for proceeds of \$12,000,000. The Series A Stock was initially recorded in the financial statements net of issuance costs of \$1,014,705. The difference between the carrying amount and the redemption price was accreted using the effective-interest method. During 2004, a stock split of the Series A Stock occurred as a result of the issuance of the Series B convertible preferred stock ("Series B Stock") pursuant to existing antidilution provisions. The 7.11934-for-one stock split resulted in the issuance of 14,155,395 additional shares of Series A Stock. A beneficial conversion feature of \$10,985,295 was recorded, resulting in a reduction of the carrying value of the Series A Stock to \$575,785. The difference between the new carrying value of \$575,785 and the redemption value of \$12,000,000 was composed of the beneficial conversion feature of \$10,985,295 and the remaining unaccreted issuance costs of \$438,920 at the time of the stock split. This difference was being accreted using the straight-line method and became fully accreted as of December 31, 2009. For the year ended December 31, 2009, amounts totaling \$2,109,086 consisting of the accretion of the issuance costs and beneficial conversion feature were recorded as a charge to additional paid-in capital.

### NOTE K - PREFERRED STOCK - Continued

During 2004, the Company issued 63,197,019 shares of Series B Stock in exchange for cash of \$14,000,000 and the conversion of \$2,950,000 of outstanding indebtedness issued pursuant to a bridge financing arrangement entered into in 2003 and \$50,000 of accrued interest on that bridge loan. No additional shares of Series B Stock were issued for the remaining \$207,490 of the accrued interest, and that such amount was reclassified to additional paid-in capital. The Series B Stock was initially recorded in the financial statements net of issuance costs of \$1,026,809. The difference between the carrying amount and the redemption price was accreted using the effective-interest method and became fully accreted as of December 31, 2009. For the year ended December 31, 2009, \$226,139 of issuance costs were accreted and recorded as a charge to additional paid-in capital. Issuance costs were fully accreted as of December 31, 2009.

During 2004, the Company issued 2,000,000 shares of Series A-1 Stock, having an estimated fair value of \$370,000, in connection with the second amendment to the license agreement between the Company and the University.

Certain designations and preferences accompany the Series A Stock, Series A-1 Stock, and Series B Stock (referred to collectively as "Preferred Stock") which are described below.

Liquidation Rights - The holders of Preferred Stock are entitled to certain liquidation rights in the event of any liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the affairs of the Company. Generally, the holders of Series B Stock are entitled to be paid first, before any payments are made to holders of Series A Stock, Series A-1 Stock or common stock, out of the assets of the Company an amount equal to 1.5 times the original price of the stock purchased, plus accrued or declared but unpaid dividends; next, the holders of Series A Stock are entitled to be paid, before any payments are made to holders of Series A-1 Stock or common stock, out of the assets of the Company an amount equal to the original price of the stock purchased (as adjusted for the stock split), plus accrued or declared but unpaid dividends; next, the holders of Series A-1 Stock are entitled to be paid, before any payments are made to holders of common stock, out of the assets of the Company an amount equal to \$1.00 per share, plus accrued or declared but unpaid dividends. After such preferential payment has been made, the holders of Preferred Stock will share in the distribution of the remaining assets with the holders of common stock on an as-converted basis.

### NOTE J - PREFERRED STOCK - Continued

Conversion - The holders of all Preferred Stock have conversion rights whereby each share of Preferred Stock is convertible, at the option of the holder, at any time, into a certain number of shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis. The number of shares of common stock to be received upon conversion of a share of Preferred Stock is subject to adjustment to avoid dilution of the interest of the holders of Preferred Stock. The shares of Preferred Stock, excluding accrued or declared but unpaid dividends, shall be automatically converted into shares of common stock in the event of an initial public offering of the Company in which the price per share is at least six times the Series B Stock original issue price and the aggregate gross proceeds to the Company are at least \$50,000,000, or upon the written election of the holders of at least 60% of the shares of the Series A Stock and Series B Stock, voting together on an as-converted basis.

Voting Rights - Generally, holders of Preferred Stock are entitled to vote together with the holders of common stock on any matters submitted to the stockholders for a vote. Holders of Preferred Stock have that number of votes per share equal to the number of shares of common stock into which each share of Preferred Stock could be converted at that time.

Consent Rights - With certain exceptions, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 70% of the Series B Stock is required before the Company may, among other things, (i) effect any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of, or any consolidation or merger involving, the Company; (ii) sell or encumber a substantial portion of the assets of the Company; (iii) increase or decrease the number of authorized shares of Preferred Stock or change the powers, preferences, or special rights of the Preferred Stock, or authorize or create any class of stock having preference over, priority over or parity with the Preferred Stock, or amend the certificate of incorporation or bylaws with respect to the Preferred Stock; (iv) increase or decrease the authorized number of members of the Board of Directors; (v) cause the redemption, repurchase or payment of dividends or other distributions with respect to the class or series of stock junior to the Series B Stock; (vi) make any capital expenditure or purchase of assets exceeding \$500,000; (viii) incur indebtedness in excess of \$500,000; (viii) increase the Company's stock option pool to more than 12,500,000 shares; (ix) authorizes any sale, assignment or other disposition of the Company's assets for any amount of \$100,000, unless in the ordinary course of business or approved by the Board of Directors; or (x) take any action that results in the taxation of the holders of the shares of Preferred Stock under Section 305 of the Internal Revenue Code.

### NOTE J - PREFERRED STOCK - Continued

**Representation on the Board of Directors and Committees** -The holders of the Series B Stock have the exclusive right, separately from the holders of the Series A Stock, Series A-1 Stock, and common stock, to elect two directors of the Company if at least 25% of the shares of Series B Stock remain outstanding. The holders of the Series A Stock have the exclusive right, separately from the holders of the Series B Stock, Series A-1 Stock, and common stock, to elect one director of the Company if at least 25% of the shares of Series A Stock remain outstanding.

*Dividends* - Cumulative dividends of 7% shall accrue on the Preferred Stock annually and be payable when and as declared, upon liquidation or dissolution, and upon redemption. No dividends shall be payable on common stock without payment of dividends on Preferred Stock equal to what would be paid to holders of Preferred Stock if it were converted to common stock. The Series A Stock and Series B Stock have been increased for total undeclared but unpaid dividends of \$16,343,386 and \$14,312,991 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, with the offset recorded as a reduction to additional paid-in capital. Series A-1 Stock had undeclared but unpaid dividends of \$897,406 and \$757,406 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, with the offset recorded as a reduction to additional paid-in capital.

**Redemption** - As of December 31, 2010, the holders of Series A Stock and Series B Stock having an aggregate liquidation preference equal to at least \$6,000,000 may require the Company, to the extent funds are available and subject to applicable law, to redeem from all holders of Series A Stock and Series B Stock, with respect to each such holder, the number of shares of Series A Stock and Series B Stock as specified by such holder. The redemption price for the Series A Stock and the Series B Stock shall be the respective original purchase price per share of the stock, as adjusted to account for any stock dividend, stock split, combination of shares, reclassification, or other similar event with respect to the Preferred Stock, plus any accrued but unpaid dividends. If holders were to elect to redeem all Series A Stock and Series B Stock payments would aggregate \$29,000,000 in 2011, plus accrued but unpaid dividends.

### NOTE K - WARRANTS

In 2003, the Company granted warrants for the purchase of shares of subsequently-to-be-issued Preferred Stock in a qualified financing under a bridge financing arrangement. In August 2004, the warrants were amended to allow for the purchase of 5,483,270 shares of common stock, at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share, in connection with the conversion of outstanding indebtedness under a bridge financing arrangement into Series B Stock, and were exercisable at the date of the amendment. The warrants were immediately exercisable as of the date of the amendment. In 2004, 743,494 of these warrants were exercised. No warrants were exercised in 2005 or 2006, 278,810 warrants were exercised in 2007, and no warrants were exercised in 2008 or 2009. In 2010, 3,996,282 of these warrants were exercised. The remaining 464,684 warrants expired in August 2010.

### NOTE L - STOCK OPTIONS

The Company's 1997 Equity Compensation Plan provides for grants of stock options to employees, officers, directors, and consultants, with 10,000,000 shares of common stock authorized for option grants. During 2008, the Plan was amended to increase the number of shares of common stock authorized for option grants to 12,500,000 shares. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company issued options to purchase 1,107,000 and 1,235,000 shares of common stock, respectively; these options generally vest ratably over periods between three and four years and have a contractual life of ten years. For each of the years ending 2010 and 2009, option awards of 200,000 were issued that vested immediately upon grant. Additional shares of common stock will be issued upon exercise of stock options. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, there were 4,830,166 and 3,209,859 additional shares, respectively, available to be granted under the 1997 Equity Compensation Plan. All shares under the plan are issued from new shares of stock.

In March 2006, the Company's Board of Directors granted an option to purchase 1,800,000 shares of common stock to an employee with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. This grant cliff vests five years from the date of grant. The vesting of 20% of the shares accelerated in September 2006 upon the execution of an agreement, which extended the royalty term with respect to marketed products until the last of all applicable Captisol patents expires. The Board of Directors also provided that 80% of the shares would accelerate and vest upon specified liquidation events. This acceleration provision lapsed on September 30, 2007. The Company is accounting for stock option expense associated with the option issuance in accordance with FASB ASC 718-20, Compensation -Stock Compensation, Awards Classified as Equity.

### NOTE L - STOCK OPTIONS - Continued

Total stock-based compensation for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$168,063 and \$215,996, respectively. For options granted prior to 2004, the Company

recorded stock-based compensation over the vesting period for the difference between the exercise price of \$2.50 and the estimated fair value of the common stock at the date of grant of \$5.00. Options granted in 2004 and 2005 had an exercise price equal to the estimated fair value of the common stock at the date of grant, and therefore, no stock-based compensation was recognized for those options.

For stock options granted to employees during 2010 and 2009, stock-based compensation was recorded based upon the weighted-average grant-date fair value of \$0.18 and \$0.15 per share, respectively, in accordance with FASB ASC 718-20, Compensation-Stock Compensation, Awards Classified as Equity. Stock-based compensation related to the Company's Equity Compensation Plan of \$168,063 and \$215,996 was reflected in net income (loss) for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The risk-free interest rate for the expected lives of the options is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the date of grant, with maturities matching the expected lives of the options. Expected volatility is based on the volatility of comparable companies' common stock, the contractual lives of the options, and the available trading history of the comparable companies' common stock. No dividends are anticipated to be paid over the expected lives of the options, based on the current expectations of management. The Company used the following assumptions for calculating the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model:

	2010	2009
Valuation assumptions		
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected volatility	155%	135%
Expected Life (years)	6.00	6.00
Risk-free interest rate	1.52%	2.90%

# NOTE L - STOCK OPTIONS - Continued

A summary of the status of the Company's 1997 Equity Compensation Plan at December 31, 2010 and 2009 is presented below:

			Weighted-	A	aggregate
		Weighted-	average		intrinsic
		average	remaining		value
	Number	exercise	contractual		(in
Options	of shares	price	life (years)	th	nousands)
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	8,501,510	0.56			
Granted	1,235,000	0.16			
Forfeited	(1,222,918)	0.23			
Expired	(1,107,535)	1.79			
Exercised	(20,000)	0.15			
Outstanding at December 31, 2009	7,386,057	\$ 0.37	6.91	\$	34
Granted	1,107,000	0.19			
Forfeited	(126,334)	0.24			
Expired	(2,600,973)	0.46			
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	5,765,750	\$ 0.29	7.14	\$	91
Options exercisable at December 31, 2010	3,712,496	\$ 0.34	6.19	\$	72

The following table summarizes information about stock options at December 31, 2010:

		average	
		remaining	
		vesting	
price	Outstanding	life (years)	Exercisable
0.15	1,451,000	_	1,451,000
0.16	1,115,000	1.87	478,746
0.19	1,107,000	2.86	200,000
0.35	1,925,000	1.58	1,415,000
2.50	167,750	<u> </u>	167,750
	5,765,750		3,712,496
	0.15 0.16 0.19 0.35	0.15     1,451,000       0.16     1,115,000       0.19     1,107,000       0.35     1,925,000       2.50     167,750	price         Outstanding         remaining vesting life (years)           0.15         1,451,000         —           0.16         1,115,000         1.87           0.19         1,107,000         2.86           0.35         1,925,000         1.58           2.50         167,750         —

Weighted-

### NOTE L - STOCK OPTIONS - Continued

As of December 31, 2010, total compensation cost not yet recognized in the financial statements related to unvested options was \$228,949, and the weighted-average period over which the Company expects it to be recognized is approximately two years. The Company has not recognized, and does not expect to recognize in the near future, any tax benefit related to employee stock-based compensation costs as a result of the effect of the full valuation allowance on the Company's net deferred tax assets and net operating loss carryforwards.

### NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company leases office space and certain equipment under noncancelable operating lease agreements. Lease expense related to office space and equipment was \$221,672 and \$220,463 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Generally, in the normal course of business, leases will be renewed or replaced as they expire. Future minimum lease payments for non-cancelable leases were as follows as of December 31, 2010 (in thousands):

Year ending		
Year ending December 31,	<u></u>	Amount
2011	\$	220
2012		21
2013		1
2013 2014 2015		_
2015		_

The Company is committed to purchase a total of \$15,000,000 of Captisol over the term of a supply agreement. At December 31, 2010, the Company had purchased \$9,184,851 toward its \$15,000,000 commitment (see Note B9).

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### NOTE N - GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Revenue by geographic area for the years ended December 31, was as follows (in thousands):

	2010		2009	
United States	\$	14,477	\$	12,898
Other		1,176		1,120
Total revenue	\$	15,653	\$	14,018

### NOTE O - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

We have evaluated subsequent events through April 11, 2011, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The Company was acquired by Ligand Pharmaceuticals, Inc., ("Ligand") pursuant to the terms of an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated January 14, 2011. The acquisition was structured as a reverse triangular merger in which Caymus Acquisition, Inc. a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Ligand merged with the Company, with the Company as the surviving corporation.

Under the Merger Agreement, Ligand paid \$32,024,224 to the Shareholders' account and will issue up to 63,197,019 uncertified "Series B" contingent value rights (CVRs), 16,468,618 uncertified "Series A" CVRs, 2,000,000 uncertified "Series A-1" CVRs and 11,458,320 "common" CVRs to former shareholders of CyDex. In addition, in connection with the merger, the Company distributed \$17,738,675, representing cash and investments, to the Shareholders' account.

Under the CVR Agreement and the Shareholders' Representative Agreement, the Shareholders' account monies (including both the \$17,738,675 and amounts paid by Ligand) will be used to fund a working capital true-up adjustment (if required by the Merger Agreement), for expenses to maintain a Shareholders' Representative Expense Reserve, and to fund a management carveout bonus program, and will then be distributed pro rata with the first \$33,204,729 of distributions going to holders of "Series B" CVRs, the next \$20,769,652 going to holders of "Series A" CVRs, the next \$2,906,438 going to holders of "Series A-1" CVRs, and the remainder going to holders of "Common" CVRs.

### NOTE O - SUBSEQUENT EVENT - Continued

Additionally, Ligand is obligated under the CVR Agreement to pay the following amounts to the Shareholders' Account:

- \$4,300,000 on January 25, 2012;
- \$2,000,000 if and when Onyx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. files a New Drug Application with the FDA for Carfilzomeb formulated with Captisol® as a drug in multiple myeloma and solid tumors (the "Onyx Drug");
- \$3,500,000 if and when the FDA approves the New Drug Application for the Onyx Drug;
- If and when Ligand receives an upfront fee for licensing Captisol® for formulation with rapid onset intravenous Clopidogrel, 50% of the excess of such upfront fee over any amount payable by CyDex to Prism in respect thereof (or, if the license agreement is entered into with a particular potential licensee by April 25, 2011, 100% of such upfront fee (less any amount payable by CyDex to Prism in respect thereof) up to a \$1,750,000 cap);
- If and when received by Ligand, 50% of milestone payments received under a license agreement for Captisol <sup>®</sup> for formulation with rapid onset intravenous Clopidogrel;
- For each respective year from 2011 through 2016, 20% of all CyDex-related revenue, but only to the extent that and beginning only when CyDex-related revenue for such year exceed \$15,000,000; plus an additional 10% of all CyDex-related revenue recognized during such year, but only to the extent that and beginning only when aggregate CyDex-related revenue for such year exceeds \$35,000,000. (For these purposes, the amounts paid as above to the Shareholders' Account in respect of a Clopidogrel license are not included as revenue.)

The earnout payments described in the final bullet point above are subject to reduction for up to \$2,500,000 of damages, if any, arising from any breaches of CyDex's representations, warranties, covenants and agreements in and in connection with the Merger Agreement.

### NOTE O - SUBSEQUENT EVENT - Continued

The CVR Agreement requires Ligand to, in the event of a Default, deliver to an escrow agent the cash described in the first three bullet points above, and such amounts would then be delivered by the escrow agent to the Shareholders' Account if, as and when they would have by the CVR Agreement been required to be delivered by Ligand to the Shareholders' Account. "Default" includes the following, subject to certain cure rights: (a) Ligand fails to pay to the Shareholders' Account any amount as and when required under the CVR Agreement, (b) at any time Ligand is obligated for more than \$35,000,000 of financial indebtedness (other than financial indebtedness which is expressly subordinated to all obligations of Ligand under the CVR Agreement pursuant to a written subordination agreement signed by and reasonably acceptable to the Shareholders' Representative), (c) at any time after March 15, 2011 Ligand's cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments (minus any restricted cash) is less than \$10,000,000, or (d) Ligand commits any material breach of the CVR Agreement.

Ligand is required by the CVR Agreement to dedicate at least five experienced full-time employee equivalents per year to the Company and to invest at least \$1,500,000 per year (inclusive of such employee expenses) in the Company, through 2015.

The "Series A" CVRs are, in general, transferable by the former CyDex Series A Preferred Stock stockholders, but the "Series A" CVRs are not currently listed on any stock exchange. The "Series B" CVRs, the "Series A-1" CVRs and the "Common" CVRs are, in general, non-transferable.

### UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet is based on historical balance sheets of Ligand Pharmaceuticals Incorporated ("Ligand") and CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("CyDex") and has been prepared to reflect the merger as if it had been completed on the balance sheet date of December 31, 2010. The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations give effect to the merger as if it had taken place on January 1, 2010, the beginning of the earliest period presented.

Under the purchase method of accounting, the total estimated purchase price, calculated as described in Note A to these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements, is allocated to the net tangible and intangible assets of CyDex based on their estimated fair values.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements are based on the estimates and assumptions which are preliminary and have been made solely for purposes of developing such pro forma information. In addition, the pro forma condensed combined financial statements do not include any potential operating efficiencies or cost savings from expected synergies. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements are not necessarily an indication of the results that would have been achieved had the merger been completed as of the dates indicated or that may be achieved in the future.

The pro forma combined condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the historical audited financial statements and notes thereto of Ligand contained in its 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2011 and the historical audited financial statements and notes thereto of CyDex which are included as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K/A.

### Balance Sheet As of December 31, 2010

					P	ro Forma			ro Forma
	]	Ligand		CyDex		djustment		Co	onsolidated
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,346	\$	12,274	\$	(12,274)	a	\$	3,346
Short-term investments		19,351		2,041		(14,915)	a		6,477
Accounts receivable, net		993		4,737		(662)	b		5,068
Inventory		_		2,433		_			2,433
Income tax receivable		4,575		_		_			4,575
Other current assets		720		766		_			1,486
Current portion of co-promote termination payments		8,034							8,034
Total current assets		37,019		22,251		(27,851)			31,419
Restricted investments		1,341		_		_			1,341
Long-term investments		_		1,013		(1,013)	a		_
Property and equipment, net		559		349		_			908
Goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets		12,951		_		57,724	c		70,675
Long-term portion of co-promote termination payments		22,851		_		_			22,851
Deferred income taxes		_		3,545		_			3,545
Other assets		838		510					1,348
Total assets	\$	75,559	\$	27,668	\$	28,860		\$	132,087
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	8,597	\$	1,844	\$	_		\$	10,441
Accrued liabilities		8,859		1,275		_			10,134
Accrued litigation settlement costs		1,000		_		_			1,000
Current portion of deferred gain		1,702		_					1,702
Current portion of co-promote termination liability		8,034		_		_			8,034
Current portion of lease termination payments		5,296		_		_			5,296
Current portion of deferred revenue				157					157
Total current liabilities		33,488		3,276	-	_		-	36,764
Long-term portion of co-promote termination liability		22,851		_		_			22,851
Long-term portion of deferred revenue, net		2,546		4		_			2,550

Long-term portion of lease exit obligations	11,118	_	_		11,118
Deferred income taxes	372	_	19,936	d	20,308
Note payable	_	_	20,000	e	20,000
Other long-term liabilities	1,689		14,162	d	15,851
Total liabilities	72,064	3,280	54,098		129,442
Commitments and contingencies					
Common stock subject to conditional redemption;	8,344	_	_		8,344
Series A convertible preferred stock	_	20,715	(20,715)	f	_
Series B convertible preferred stock		24,628	(24,628)	f	
Stockholders' equity:					
Common stock	21	115	(115)	f	21
Series A-1 convertible preferred stock	_	20	(20)	f	_
Additional paid-in capital	729,271	(7,328)	7,328	g	729,271
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	31	_	_	Ū	31
Accumulated deficit	(691,947)	(13,762)	12,912	h	(692,797)
Treasury stock, at cost; 1,111,999 shares	(42,225)				(42,225)
Total stockholders' equity	(4,849)	(20,955)	20,105		(5,699)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 75,559	\$ 27,668	\$ 28,860		\$ 132,087

See Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Ligand	Pro Forma CyDex Adustments				Pro Forma Consolidated		
Revenues:	_							
Royalties	\$ 7,279	\$	4,680	\$	(662)	b	\$	11,297
Material sales	_		8,820		_			8,820
Collaborative research and development and other revenues	 16,259		2,153					18,412
Total revenues	 23,538		15,653		(662)			38,529
Operating costs and expenses:								
Cost of goods sold	_		2,827		_			2,827
Research and development expense	22,067		3,460		2,427	i		27,954
Selling, general and administrative	12,829		3,143		_			15,972
Lease exit and termination costs	16,894		_		_			16,894
Write-off of acquired in-process research and development	 2,754							2,754
Total operating costs and expenses	 54,544		9,430		2,427			66,401
Accretion of deferred gain on sale leaseback	1,702							1,702
Income (loss) from operations	 (29,304)		6,223		(3,089)			(26,170)
Other income (expense):								
Interest income	440		72		(184)	j		328
Interest expense	(58)		_		(2,068)	k		(2,126)
Decrease in liability for contingent value rights	9,142		_		_			9,142
Other, net	 4,377		2					4,379
Total other income (expense), net	 13,901		74		(2,252)			11,723
Income (loss) before income taxes	(15,403)		6,297		(5,341)			(14,447)
Income tax benefit	 2,617		3,402					6,019
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (12,786)	\$_	9,699	\$	(5,341)		\$	(8,428)
Basic and diluted per share amounts:								
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (0.65)						\$	(0.43)
Weighted average number of common shares	19,613,201							19,613,201

See Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

### Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

### (1) Description of Transaction

Ligand Pharmaceuticals Incorporated ("<u>Ligand</u>") acquired CyDex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (<u>CyDex</u>"), pursuant to the terms of an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "<u>Merger Agreement</u>") dated January 14, 2011 among Ligand, CyDex and Caymus Acquisition, Inc., a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Ligand ("<u>Merger Sub</u>"). The acquisition, structured as a reverse triangular merger in which Merger Sub merged with and into CyDex, with CyDex as the surviving corporation (the "<u>Merger</u>"), was effected by the filing of the related certificate of merger with the Delaware Secretary of State on January 24, 2011.

On January 14, 2011, in connection with the Merger Agreement, Ligand entered into a Contingent Value Rights Agreement (the "CVR Agreement") with CyDex and Allen K. Roberson and David Poltack, acting jointly as Shareholders' Representative. The CVR Agreement sets forth the rights that former CyDex stockholders will have with respect to each contingent value right ("CVR") held by them after the closing of the Merger, assuming such holders surrender their CyDex stock certificates and become party to a Shareholders' Representative Agreement. All payments by Ligand under the Merger Agreement and the CVR Agreement shall be made directly to a single Shareholders' Account controlled by the Shareholders' Representative; upon each such respective payment to the Shareholders' Account, all obligations of Ligand with respect such payment and the safeguarding, investment, allocation and/or distribution thereof shall be exhausted and shall cease; and the shareholders/ex-shareholders of the Company /holders of CVRs shall have no rights or remedies whatsoever against Ligand with respect to such payment, but instead must look solely and exclusively to any available rights or remedies (if any) they might have against the Shareholders' Representative.

Under the Merger Agreement, Ligand paid \$32,024,224 to the Shareholders' Account and will issue up to 63,197,019 uncertificated "Series B" CVRs, 16,468,618 uncertificated "Series A" CVRs, 2,000,000 uncertificated "Series A-1" CVRs and 11,458,320 uncertificated "Common" CVRs to former stockholders of CyDex. In addition, in connection with the Merger, CyDex distributed \$17,738,675, representing its cash and investments, to the Shareholders' Account.

Under the CVR Agreement and the Shareholders' Representative Agreement, the Shareholders' Account monies (including both the \$17,738,675 and any amounts paid by Ligand) will be used to fund a working capital true-up adjustment (if required by the Merger Agreement), for expenses, to maintain a Shareholders' Representative Expense Reserve, and to fund a management carveout bonus program, and will then be distributed pro rata with the first \$33,204,729 of distributions going to holders of "Series B" CVRs, the next \$20,769,652 going to holders of "Series A" CVRs, the next \$2,906,438 going to holders of "Series A-1" CVRs, and the remainder going to holders of "Common" CVRs.

Ligand is obligated under the CVR Agreement to pay the following amounts to the Shareholders' Account:

- \$4,300,000 on January 25, 2012;
- \$2,000,000 if and when Onyx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. files a New Drug Application with the FDA for Carfilzomeb formulated with Captisol® as a drug in multiple myeloma and solid tumors (the "Onyx Drug");
- $\bullet \quad \$3,\!500,\!000$  if and when the FDA approves the New Drug Application for the Onyx Drug;
- If and when Ligand receives an upfront fee for licensing Captisol® for formulation with rapid onset intravenous Clopidogrel, 50% of the excess of such upfront fee over any amount payable by CyDex to Prism in respect thereof (or, if the license agreement is entered into with a particular potential licensee by April 25, 2011, 100% of such upfront fee (less any amount payable by CyDex to Prism in respect thereof) up to a \$1.750,000 cap):
- If and when received by Ligand, 50% of milestone payments received under a license agreement for Captisol<sup>®</sup> for formulation with rapid onset intravenous Clopidogrel;

• For each respective year from 2011 through 2016, 20% of all CyDex-related revenue, but only to the extent that and beginning only when CyDex-related revenue for such year exceed \$15,000,000; plus an additional 10% of all CyDex-related revenue recognized during such year, but only to the extent that and beginning only when aggregate CyDex-related revenue for such year exceeds \$35,000,000. (For these purposes, the amounts paid as above to the Shareholders' Account in respect of a Clopidogrel license are not included as revenue.)

The earnout payments described in the final bullet point above are subject to reduction for up to \$2,500,000 of damages, if any, arising from any breaches of CyDex's representations, warranties, covenants and agreements in and in connection with the Merger Agreement.

The CVR Agreement requires Ligand to, in the event of a Default, deliver to an escrow agent the cash described in the first three bullet points above, and such amounts would then be delivered by the escrow agent to the Shareholders' Account if, as and when they would have by the CVR Agreement been required to be delivered by Ligand to the Shareholders' Account. "Default" includes the following, subject to certain cure rights: (a) Ligand fails to pay to the Shareholders' Account any amount as and when required under the CVR Agreement, (b) at any time Ligand is obligated for more than \$35,000,000 of financial indebtedness (other than financial indebtedness which is expressly subordinated to all obligations of Ligand under the CVR Agreement pursuant to a written subordination agreement signed by and reasonably acceptable to the Shareholders' Representative), (c) at any time after March 15, 2011 Ligand's cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments (minus any restricted cash) is less than \$10,000,000, or (d) Ligand commits any material breach of the CVR Agreement.

Ligand is required by the CVR Agreement to dedicate at least five experienced full-time employee equivalents per year to the acquired business and to invest at least \$1,500,000 per year (inclusive of such employee expenses) in the acquired business, through 2015.

The "Series A" CVRs are, in general, transferable by the former CyDex Series A Preferred Stock stockholders, but the "Series A" CVRs are not currently listed on any stock exchange and Ligand has no obligation to list them. The "Series B" CVRs, the "Series A-1" CVRs and the "Common" CVRs are, in general, non-transferable.

CyDex's drug formulation technology uses a specifically modified family of cyclodextrins called Captisol<sup>®</sup> to improve the solubility, stability, bioavailability, safety and dosing of active pharmaceutical ingredients, typically in currently marketed drugs. CyDex is located in Lenexa, Kansas.

### **Loan and Security Agreement**

To help finance the Merger, on January 24, 2011, Ligand and certain of its subsidiaries entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "Loan and Security Agreement") with Oxford Finance Corporation ("Oxford"). The Loan and Security Agreement provided for Oxford to make a \$20,000,000 term loan to Ligand, and Ligand immediately borrowed the \$20,000,000. All outstanding amounts under the Agreement bear interest at a fixed rate equal to the greater of (i) 8.63% per year and (ii) the sum of (a) 8.34% plus (b) the 3-month LIBOR rate reported in The Wall Street Journal three business dates before the loan amounts are funded to Ligand (the "Funding Date"), which interest, along with amortized principal, is payable on a monthly basis. The Loan and Security Agreement also contains customary covenants regarding operations of Ligand's business. So long as Ligand is not in default of any of its obligations under the Loan and Security Agreement, the loan begins amortization on March 1, 2012, provided that, through January 24, 2012, as long as Ligand is not in default of any of its obligations, Ligand may elect to have the loan begin amortization on March 1, 2013. The maturity date of the term loan is August 1, 2014.

If Ligand prepays the term loan, (i) on or before the first anniversary of the Funding Date, Ligand must pay Oxford an additional amount equal to 2.0% of the principal amount of the term loan prepaid, and (ii) after the first anniversary of the Funding Date, Ligand must pay Oxford an additional amount equal to 1.0% of the principal amount of the term loan prepaid.

Upon final repayment of the term loan on the maturity date, by prepayment, or upon acceleration of the term loan, Ligand also must make an additional final payment of \$1,200,000.

Upon an event of default under the Loan and Security Agreement, Oxford has the ability to declare all outstanding obligations under the Loan and Security Agreement immediately due and payable.

To secure Ligand's repayment obligations under the Agreement, Oxford obtained a first priority security interest in all of Ligand's assets, excluding intellectual property.

### (2) Purchase Price

Total estimated purchase price is summarized as follows:

	(ir	n thousands)
Upfront cash payment	\$	32,024
Estimated fair value of contingent payments		10,955
Estimated fair value of revenue sharing		3,207
Estimated working capital adjustment		
Total preliminary estimated purchase price	\$	46,186

Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, the final purchase price is subject to a true-up of the working capital adjustment, which has not been completed.

For purposes of this pro forma analysis, the above estimated purchase price has been allocated based on a preliminary estimate of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

Assets Acquired:	
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ _
Accounts receivable	4,075
Inventory	2,433
Prepaid expenses & other	766
Property & equipment	349
Other assets	4,055
Identifiable intangible assets	49,839
Goodwill	7,885
Total Assets	69,402
Liabilities Assumed:	
Accounts payable	1,844
Accrued & other liabilities	1,275
Deferred revenue	157
Deferred tax liability	19,936
Estimated liability for contingent value rights	14,162
Other non-current liabilities	4
Total Liabilities	37,378
Total Purchase Price	\$ 32,024

# (3) Pro Forma Adjustments

Adjustments included in the column under the heading "Pro "Forma Adjustments" are related to the following:

Adjustments included in the column under the heading "Pro "Forma Adjustments" are related to the following (in thousands):

(a)

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term and long-term investments adjustments consist of the following:

Upfront cash payment, net of financing	\$ (12,024)
Transaction fees	(850)
Distribution of CyDex cash to CyDex shareholders	 (15,328)
Total	\$ (28,202)

(b)

To record an adjustment to royalty revenue and accounts receivable due to a difference in acceptable accounting methods.

To record the estimated fair value of goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets. Management used the following methods to determine the estimated fair value of the identifiable intangible assets; Complete Technology – management used a derivative of the DCF method that estimated the present value of a hypothetical royalty stream derived via the licensing of similar technology; In-Process Research and Development – management used a probability weighted present value of the expected upfront and milestone payments; Trade Name – management used the Relief from Royalty method; Customer Relationships – management used a discounted cash flow analysis incorporating the estimated future cash flows from these relationships during their assumed life of 20 years. The allocation of the purchase price is preliminary and is subject to change pending completion of the valuation of the tangible and intangible assets acquired and subject to changes in the actual balances of assets and liabilities acquired as of the closing date. Differences between the preliminary and final valuation could have a material impact on the accompanying unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statement information and Ligand's future results of operations and financial position.

The acquired identified intangible assets with definite lives from the acquisition with CyDex are as follows:

Complete Technology	\$ 15,200
Trademark and Trade Name	2,739
Customer Relationships	30,600
Total	\$ 48,539

The estimated amortization period for each of the indentified intangible assets with definite lives is 20 years.

The acquired identified intangible assets with indefinite lives from the acquisition with CyDex are as follows:

### In-process Research and Development

\$ 1,300

(d) To record the estimated fair value of the liability for contingent value rights and the estimated deferred income tax liabilities as a result of the acquisition.

To record the Loan and Security agreement between Ligand and Oxford.

(f) To record the following adjustments to common and preferred stock:

Elimination of CyDex common stock	\$ (115)
Elimination of CyDex series A convertible preferred stock	(20,715)
Elimination of CyDex series B convertible preferred stock	(24,628)
Elimination of CyDex series A-1 convertible preferred stock	(20)
Total	\$ (45,478)

(g) To record the following adjustments to additional paid-in capital:

Elimination of CyDex paid-in capital	7,328
Total	\$ 7,328

(h) To record the following adjustments to accumulated deficit:

Elimination of CyDex accumulated deficit	\$ 13,762
Adjustment for transaction related fees	 (850)
Total	\$ 12,912

- (i) To record amortization of identified intangible assets with definite lives resulting from the acquisition.
- (j) To eliminate interest income foregone on net cash and cash equivalents and investments used to pay transaction related costs.
- (k)

  To record interest expense on the Oxford Loan and Security agreement.